



# How to make our city the best place to live

Sètubal 10 October 2018













BIONet



#### **IMMIGRATION IN ITALY**

The foreigner, who is prevented in his country from the effective exercise of democratic freedoms guaranteed by the Italian Constitution, has the right to asylum in the territory of the Republic, according to the conditions established by law.

Art. 10 Italian Constitution



FROM 2014 TO 2017 THERE HAS BEEN THE ARRIVAL BY SEA OF 623.000 MIGRANTS

THE OTHER RELEVANT WAY FOR MIGRANTS TO COME TO EUROPE WAS THROUGH GREECE, THEY HAD MORE THAN A MILLION OF ARRIVALS IN LESS TIME THAN ITALY



IN 2016 A DEAL BETWEEN EU AND TURKEY CLOSED THE SC BALCANIC ROUTE AND THE GREAT PART OF MIGRANTS IS CONCENTRATED ON THE SEA MARITIME TO ITALY

THE GREAT MAJORITY OF MIGRANT JOINTS IN ITALY CALLS FOR AN INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION FORM. EVERY SINGLE REQUEST IS MANAGED IN 2 OR 3 YEARS IN WICH THE MIGRANTS ARE HOSTED IN DIFFERENT KIND OF STRUCTURES



UNTIL 2015 THE GREAT PART OF MIGRANTS DIDN'T STOP IN ITALY BUT WENT IN OTHER EUROPEAN COUNTRIES (DUE TO FAMILIAR OR LANGUAGE REASONS)

FROM 2016 SOME EUROPEAN COUNTRIES START TO STOP THE ENTERING OF MIGRANTS COMING FROM ITALY IN THEIR NATIONAL TERRITORIES



IN 2017 ITALY RECEIVED 126.000 ITALY CALLS FOR AN INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION FORM, MORE OR LESS THE SAME NUMBER OF PEOPLE THAT ARRIVED IN THAT YEAR

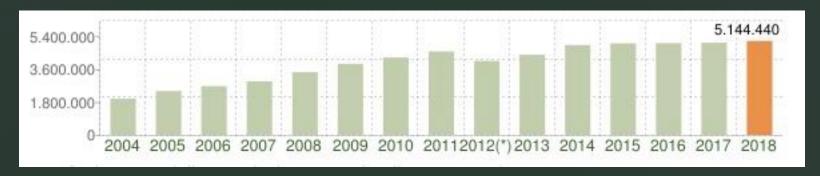
AT THE END OF 2017, APPROXIMATELY 147.000 PEOPLE ARE GRANTED INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION, WHILE THOSE STILL WAITING AND HOSTED IN RECEPTION FACILITIES CAN BE ESTIMATED AT AROUND 180.000.



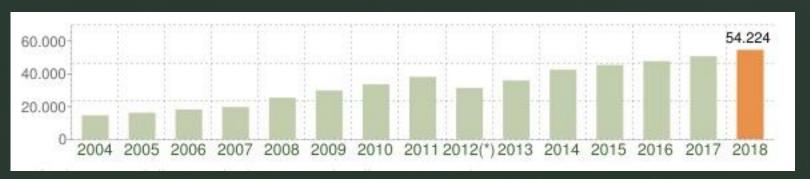
- THERE ARE ABOUT 600.000 FOREIGNERS LIVING IRREGULARLY ON ITALIAN TERRITORY; THEY ARE PERSONS WHO HAVE EXPIRED THEIR RESIDENCE PERMIT, OR WHO HAVE BEEN REJECTED ASYLUM, AND WHO CONTINUE TO LIVE IN ITALY
- EVERY 10 PEOPLE ASK FOR PROTECTION 4
   HAVE POSITIVE ANSWERS.



#### **IMMIGRANTS IN ITALY 01 JENUARY 2018**



#### **IMMIGRANTS IN SARDINIA 01 JENUARY 2018**





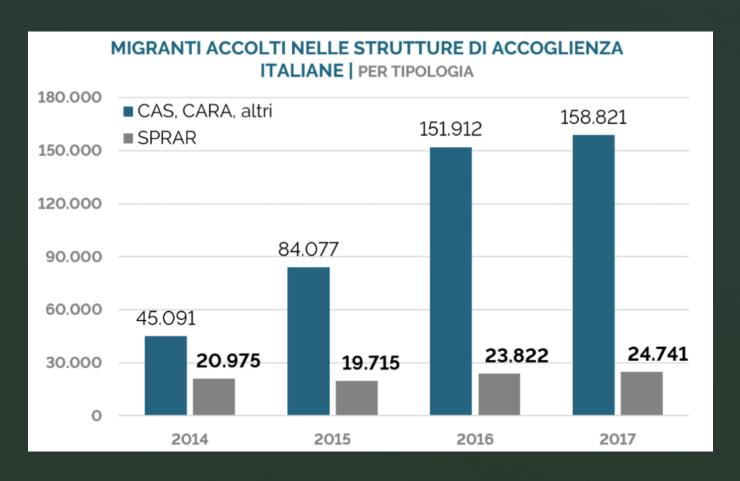
# IMMIGRATION IN ITALY THE RECEPTION FACILITIES

THE WELCOME OF MIGRANTS IS ORGANIZED IN 2 LEVELS:

- FIRST WELCOME
- SECOND WELCOME



# IMMIGRATION IN ITALY THE RECEPTION FACILITIES





# IMMIGRATION IN ITALY FIRST WELCOME:

THE FIRST WELCOME IS ORGANIZED IN DIFFERENT WAYS,
 THE MAINLY CURRENT IN USE IS REPRESENTED BY THE
 C.A.S. (EXTRAORDINARY RECEPTION CENTER)



### IMMIGRATION IN ITALY FIRST WELCOME:

- THEY WERE PROJECTED IN ORDER TO SUPPORT THE LACK OF SEATS IN ORDINARY WELCOMES IN CASE OF CONSISTING ARRIVALS OF ASYLUM SEEKERS.
- THESE STRUCTURES ARE IDENTIFIED BY THE PREFECTURE, IN CONVENTION WITH COOPERATIVES, ASSOCIATIONS AND HOTELS, ACCORDING TO THE PROCEDURES FOR EXPECTING PUBLIC CONTRACTS.
- PERMANENCE SHOULD BE LIMITED TO THE TIME STRICTLY NECESSARY FOR THE TRANSFER OF THE APPLICANT IN THE SECOND RECEPTION FACILITIES.



- THE SECOND RECEPTION OF MIGRANTS IN ITALY IS REPRESENTED BY THE SPRAR (SISTEM OF PROTECTION FOR ASYLUM SEEKERS AND REFUGEES)
- THE PRIMARY OBJECTIVE OF SPRAR IS TO PROVIDE SUPPORT FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL IN THE RECEPTION SYSTEM, THROUGH IMPLEMENTATION OF AN INDIVIDUAL PROGRAMME DESIGNED TO ENABLE THAT PERSON TO REGAIN A SENSE OF INDEPENDENCE, AND THUS ENABLE EFFECTIVE INVOLVEMENT IN LIFE IN ITALY, IN TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING INTEGRATION, ACCESS TO LOCAL SERVICES, SOCIAL INTERACTION AND SCHOLASTIC INTEGRATION FOR MINORS.





#### THE PRINCIPAL CHARACTERISTICS OF SPRAR ARE:

- 1. THE PUBLIC NATURE OF THE RESOURCES MADE AVAILABLE AND THE BODIES WITH POLITICAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR RECEPTION SERVICES
- 2. THE SYNERGIES AVAILABLE LOCALLY WITH SO-CALLED MANAGING BODIES, VOLUNTARY SECTOR ORGANISATIONS ASSOCIATIONS, NGOS, COOPERATIVES THAT MAKE AN ESSENTIAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE IMPLENTATION OF THE VARIOUS INTERVENTIONS
- 3. THE DECENTRALISATION OF THE 'INTEGRATED' RECEPTION' ACTIONS, THROUGHOUT ITALY;





- 4. THE PROMOTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF STABLE, SOLID AND INTERACTIVE LOCAL NETWORKS, WITH THE INVOLVEMENT OF ALL STAKEHOLDERS AND PRIORITY PARTNERS IN ORDER TO ENSURE THE SUCCESS OF THE RECEPTION, PROTECTION AND INTEGRATION MEASURES IMPLEMENTED FOR INDIVDUALS WHO ARE SEEKING OR HAVE BEEN GRANTED INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION;
- 5. THE VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION OF LOCAL INSTITUTIONS IN THE NETWORK OF RECEPTION PROJECTS;
- 6. THE REINFORCEMENT (OR IMPLEMENTATION) OF LOCAL SERVICES, DESIGNED TO PROFIT THE ENTIRE COMMUNITY, BOTH INDIGENOUS AND MIGRANT.





LOCAL INSTITUTIONS, IN PARTNERSHIP WITH THE VOLUNTARY SECTOR, IMPLEMENT **LOCAL RECEPTION PROJECTS**, BRINGING TOGETHER SPRAR'S GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS AND SPECIFIC FACTORS AFFECTING THE LOCAL AREA

PROJECTS MAY THEREFORE BE FOCUSED ON INDIVIDUAL ADULTS AND NUCLEAR FAMILIES, OR ON SINGLE-PARENT FAMILIES, SINGLE PREGNANT WOMEN, UNACCOMPANIED MINORS SEEKING ASYLUM, VICTIMS OF TORTURE, INDIVIDUALS NEEDING CONTINUING CARE OR THOSE WITH PSYCHIATRIC PROBLEMS OR PHYSICAL DISABILITIES. SPECIFIC DEDICATED PROJECTS ARE AVAILABLE FOR INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE VULNERABLE AS A RESULT OF MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES.





• IN ANY CASE, FOR EACH OF THE INDIVIDUALS PROVIDED WITH RECEPTION SERVICES, A FUNDAMENTAL ELEMENT OF THOSE SERVICES IS THE **TEMPORARY NATURE OF RECEPTION**, WHICH IS INTENDED IN ALL CASES TO ENSURE THE INDEPENDENCE AND INTEGRATION OF RECIPIENTS.



	SARDINIA	ITALY
NUMBER OF MUNICIPALITIES WITH AN ACTIVE SPRAR	17	757
NUMBER OF PROJECTS	17	877
PERSONS INVOLVED	400	35.881
POPULATION	1.650.000	60.500.000



THANK YOU